JACKSON-MADISON COUNTY LIBRARY JACKSON, TENNESSEE

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

JUNE 30, 2014

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Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Trustees Jackson-Madison County Library Jackson, Tennessee

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and the major fund information of the Jackson-Madison County Library, Jackson, Tennessee (the Library) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Library's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and major fund information of the Library, as of June 30, 2014, and the respective changes in financial position and the respective budgetary comparison for the general fund thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and schedule of funding progress on pages 4 through 6 and 19 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Library's basic financial statements. The detailed schedule of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance and schedule of officials are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The detailed schedule of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance statement is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the detailed schedule of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The schedule of officials has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated November 12, 2014, on our consideration of the Library's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and

other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Library's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

alexander Thompson Christ PLLC

Jackson, Tennessee November 12, 2014

Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of the Jackson - Madison County Library (the Library), the board of trustees offer readers of the Library's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Library for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014. All amounts, unless otherwise indicated, are expressed in actual dollars. A comparative analysis of key elements of total governmental funds has been provided.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The board of trustees believes the Library's financial condition is acceptable. The Library is still within its financial policies and guidelines set by the board and management. The following are key financial highlights.

- Total assets at year-end were \$867 thousand and total liabilities at year end were \$9 thousand.
- Operating revenues were \$1.279 million, while operating expenses were approximately \$1.123 million, which resulted in an increase in net position of approximately \$65 thousand.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) serves as an introduction to, and should be read in conjunction with, the financial statements and supplementary information. The MD&A represents management's examination and analysis of the Library's financial condition and performance. Summary financial statement data, key financial and operational indicators used in the Library's strategic plan, budget, bond resolutions and other management tools were used for this analysis. The Financial Statements are made up of three sections: 1) the financial section, 2) supplementary and other information section, and 3) the internal control and compliance section. The financial section includes the independent auditor's report, the MD&A, the financial statements with accompanying notes, and the required supplementary information section. The supplementary and other information section includes other information of the detailed schedule of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance and the schedule of officials. The internal control and compliance section includes the report on internal control and compliance and the schedule of findings and responses.

REQUIRED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Due to the Library being composed of only two governmental funds, a consolidated format has been used to present the fund statements and the government-wide statements with the reconciliation included as an additional column. The following statements are included in the financial statements of the Library:

The Statement of Net Position and Governmental Funds Balance Sheet includes all of the Library's assets and liabilities and provides information about the nature and amounts of investments in resources (assets) and the obligations to the Library's creditors (liabilities). It also provides the basis for computing rate of return, evaluating the capital structure, and assessing the liquidity and financial flexibility of the Library. As of the years ended June 30, 2014 and 2013, the Library reported no deferred inflows/outflows of resources.

The Statement of Activities and Governmental Fund Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance presents the results of the activities over the course of the fiscal year and information as to how the net position and fund balances changed during the year. All changes in net position and fund balances are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. This statement measures the success of the Library's operations and can be used to determine whether the Library has successfully recovered all of its costs. This statement also measures the Library's profitability and credit worthiness.

The *Notes to the Financial Statements* provide required disclosures and other information that are essential to a full understanding of material data provided in the statements. The notes present information about the Library's accounting policies, significant account balances and activities, material risks, obligations, commitments, contingencies and subsequent events, if any.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Statement of Net Position - As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the Library, there were no liabilities at year end so the assets exceeded liabilities by \$858 thousand. A majority of the Library's net position (80%) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., books, materials, and equipment).

CONDENSED	STATEMENT	OF NET	POSITION
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	Jun	e 30, 2014	Jun	e 30, 2013				
Current and other assets	\$	184,672	\$	118,871				
Capital assets		682,213		582,188				
Total assets		866,885		701,059				
Current liabilities		9,052		_				
Total liabilities		9,052		-				
Investment in capital assets		682,213		582,188				
Restricted for permanent fund		16,848		16,488				
Unrestricted		158,772		102,383				
Total net position	\$	857,833	\$	701,059				

Statement of Activities – Revenues in the governmental activities column exceeded expenses by \$157 thousand.

CONDENSED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION

	Ju	ne 30, 2014	June 30, 201		
Operating revenues	\$	1,279,386	\$	1,053,215	
Operating expenditures		1,122,612		896,827	
Change in net assets		156,774		156,388	
Beginning net position		701,059		544,671	
Ending net position	\$	857,833	\$	701,059	

COMMENTS ON FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Library uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds – The focus of the Library's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Library's financing requirements.

In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

Revenue and other financing sources in the general fund increased from last year by approximately \$226 thousand. The most significant change in revenues and other financing sources in the general fund was:

A \$226 thousand increase in city/county funding

Expenditures and other financing uses in the general fund decreased from last year by approximately \$256 thousand. The most significant changes in expenditures and other financing uses in the general fund were due to the following net affects of these expenses changing:

- Library management services decreased by \$445 thousand
- Employee benefits increased by \$280 thousand
- Purchase of circulation materials increased by \$140 thousand
- Building and grounds expenditures increased by \$141 thousand
- Building renovations and the purchase of furniture and equipment increased by \$86 thousand
- · General expenditures increased by \$54 thousand

A budget comparison statement has been provided to demonstrate compliance with the budget. The following are the significant variances from the budget to the actual amounts this year:

- Received additional donations from the Foundation and Friends than expected
- Employee benefits expenditures were lower than expected

CAPITAL ASSET ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets - At the end of the fiscal year, the Library had invested \$682 thousand in a variety of capital assets.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET

There are no substantial changes anticipated for next year's budget.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Library's finances for citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, creditors and all others with an interest in the Library's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Jackson-Madison County Library; 433 East Lafayette Street; Jackson, Tennessee 38301.



JACKSON-MADISON COUNTY LIBRARY STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AND GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET

June 30, 2014

· -	General Fund		Permanent Fund		Total	Adjustments (Note 3)	Statement of Net Position	
Assets								
Cash on deposit \$ Cash on hand Capital assets (less accumulated depreciation)	167,507 317	\$	16,848 -	\$	184,355 317	\$ - -	\$	184,355 317
Books and materials Equipment	-		-		-	505,964 176,249		505,964 176,249
				_				
Total assets \$	167,824	\$	16,848	<u>\$</u>	184,672	682,213		866,885
Liabilities								
Accounts payable \$	1,219	\$	-	\$	1,219	_		1,219
Compensated absences	-	•	-	*	-,	7,833		7,833
Total liabilities	1,219			Ξ	1,219	7,833	_	9,052
Fund Balances/Net Position Fund balances:								
Nonspendable - endowment	-		11,000		11,000	(11,000)		_
Restricted - genealogical materials	-		5,848		5,848	(5,848)		-
Unassigned	166,605		-		166,605	(166,605)		-
Total fund balances	166,605		16,848		183,453	(183,453)		-
Total liabilities and fund balances	167,824	\$	16,848	\$	184,672			
Net Position					27 -51			
Investment in capital assets						682,213		682,213
Restricted								
Genealogical materials								
Expendable						5,848		5,848
Nonexpendable						11,000		11,000
Unrestricted						158,772		158,772
Total net position						\$ 857,833	\$	857,833

JACKSON-MADISON COUNTY LIBRARY STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES AND GOVERNMENTAL FUND REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

For The Year Ended June 30, 2014

	General Fund	, ajadinono cial		Statement of Activities	
Revenue					
Jackson-Madison County					
Joint appropriation	\$ 1,106,636	\$ -	\$ 1,106,636	\$ -	\$ 1,106,636
Jackson-Madison County					
Capital appropriation	87,531	-	87,531	-	87,531
Foundation and Friends donations	36,127	-	36,127	-	36,127
Other revenue	48,662	430	49,092		49,092
Total revenue	1,278,956	430	1,279,386		1,279,386
Expenditures/expenses					
Employee benefits	573,232	-	573,232	<u>-</u>	573,232
Circulation materials	190,137	70	190,207	(140,056)	50,151
Building and grounds	167,203	-	167,203	(1.1.,1.1.)	167,203
Building renovations, furniture,			,		,
and equipment	145,929	-	145,929	(98,028)	47,901
General expenditures	138,233	-	138,233		138,233
Compensated absences	-	-	-	7,833	7,833
Depreciation				138,059	138,059
Total expenditures/expenses	1,214,734	70	1,214,804	(92,192)	1,122,612
Net change in fund balance/					
net position	64,222	360	64,582	92,192	156,774
Fund balance/net position -					
beginning of the year	102,383	16,488	118,871	582,188	701,059
Fund balance/net position -					
end of the year	\$ 166,605	\$ 16,848	\$ 183,453	\$ 674,380	\$ 857,833

JACKSON-MADISON COUNTY LIBRARY STATEMENT OF BUDGETARY COMPARISON-MAJOR FUND GENERAL FUND

For The Year Ended June 30, 2014

		Budget Original		Budget Amended	 Actual	_	Variance Over (Under)
Revenue							
Jackson-Madison County							
Joint appropriation	\$	1,106,636	\$	1,106,636	\$ 1,106,636	\$	-
Jackson-Madison County							
Capital appropriations		92,099		92,099	87,531		(4,568)
Foundation and Friends donations		6,938		6,938	36,127		29,189
Other revenue	_	49,390	_	49,391	 48,662	_	(729)
Total revenue		1,255,063		1,255,064	 1,278,956		23,892
Expenditures							
Employee benefits		612,808		612,808	573,232		(39,576)
Circulation materials		172,500		187,800	190,137		2,337
Building and grounds		166,100		171,238	167,203		(4,035)
Building renovations, furniture,							(,, ,
and equipment		122,538		130,538	145,929		15.391
General expenditures		132,228	_	140,679	 138,233	_	(2,446)
Total expenditures		1,206,174		1,243,063	 1,214,734		(28,329)
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over (under) expenditures	\$	48,889	\$	12,001	64,222	\$	52,221
and farings authorization	<u>~</u>	40,000	¥	12,001	 07,222	Ψ	UZ,ZZ
Fund balance - beginning of the year					 102,383		
Fund balance - end of the year					\$ 166,605		

June 30, 2014

NOTE 1 - ORGANIZATION

The Jackson-Madison County Library (Library) is jointly funded by the City of Jackson, Tennessee, and the County of Madison, Tennessee. There are no other governmental units which are considered component units of the Library.

NOTE 2 - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Library operates under a Board of Trustees form of government and provides the services of a public Library.

The Library's financial statements have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted as set forth in the pronouncements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies.

A. Reporting Entity

The funds related to the Library included in this report are controlled by the Library's Board of Trustees.

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statements of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the operating activities of the library.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of the given function, or segment, are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within thirty days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting.

June 30, 2014

Grants and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

The Library reports the following governmental funds:

The general fund is the library's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the library, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The permanent fund is used to account for principal amounts received and related interest income, which may be used to provide genealogical resources to the patrons of the library. The Library's permanent fund is the Endowment fund.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues.

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Equity

Deposits and Investments

The Library's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand and demand deposits. All interest earned is allocated to the source from which the cash originated.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include equipment and furniture, are included in the government-wide financial statements. The Library land and building are titled to the City of Jackson, and therefore are not included in the Library's capital assets. Capital assets are defined by the Board as assets with an initial, individual (or group combined) cost of more than \$5,000 (amount not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Books are grouped by category, and depreciated by group. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Capital assets of the Library are depreciated using the straight line method over the following useful lives:

Books and materials Equipment 5 - 20 years

ment 3 - 20 years

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Compensated Absences

Library employees accumulate vacation days and in the event of termination, employees are compensated for accumulated vacation up to a maximum of 30 days for the first 5 years of service, 36 days for 6 to 10 years of service, 39 days for 11 to 20 years of service, and 42 days for service over 20 years. Library employees may accumulate sick days but there is no compensation for unused sick days upon termination or retirement. However, unused accumulated sick leave may be used for retirement credit with the Tennessee Consolidated Retirement System. For each 20 days of unused sick leave, employees will receive 30 days of credit toward their length of service.

As of June 30, 2014, the liability for accrued vacation was \$7,833. This liability has been recorded in the Statement of Net Position as long-term liabilities. The amount expected to be paid from current resources is not significant.

Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the governmental activities. The Library currently has no long-term obligations.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds show debt payments as current expenditures.

Net Position and Net Position Flow Assumptions

In the statement of net position, equity is classified as net position and displayed in the following three components, if applicable:

Net investment in capital assets: Consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding debt attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. (This is reported as investment in capital assets, when there is no related debt.)

Restricted: Consists of net position for which constraints are placed thereon by external parties, such as lenders, grantors, contributors, laws, regulations, and enabling legislation, including self-imposed legal mandates, less any related liabilities.

Unrestricted: All other net position that do not meet the description of the above categories.

Sometimes the Library will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g. restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted – net position and unrestricted – net position in the government-wide financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the government's policy to consider restricted – net position to have been depleted before unrestricted – net position is applied.

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Fund Balance and Fund Balance Flow Assumptions

In accordance with GASB No. 54, fund balances are classified as follows:

Nonspendable: Amounts that cannot be spent either because they are not in a spendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted: Amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of the Library Charter, state or federal laws, or externally imposed conditions by grantors or creditors.

Committed: Amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by formal action by the Board of Directors resolution. To be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Library takes the same highest level of action to remove or change the constraint.

Assigned: Amounts the Library intends to use for a specific purpose. Intent can be expressed by the Board of Directors or by an official or body to which the Board of Directors delegates the authority.

Unassigned: Amounts that are available for any purpose.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Library's policy to use the restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the Library considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds, as needed, unless the Board of Trustees or the finance committee has provided otherwise in its commitment or assignment actions.

Impact of Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements

In March 2012, the GASB issued Statement No. 65, *Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities*. GASB No. 65 establishes accounting and financial reporting standards that reclassify, as deferred outflows or deferred inflows of resources, certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities. This statement is effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2012. This statement resulted in no reclassifications of assets and liabilities to deferred outflows or inflows of resources.

In June 2012, the GASB issued Statement No. 67, Financial Reporting for Pension Plans – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 25, and Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27. For governments to adopt Statement No. 68, the underlying pension plans must first adopt Statement No. 67. Statement No. 67 revises existing standards of financial reporting by state and local government pension plans and is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2013. Statement No. 68 improves accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments for pensions and is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2014. These statements establish a definition of a pension plan that reflects the primary activities associated with the pension arrangement – determining pensions, accumulating and managing assets dedicated for pensions, and paying benefits to plan members as they come due. Statement No. 68 details the recognition and disclosure requirements for

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employers with liabilities (payables) to a defined benefit pension plan and for employers whose employees are provided with defined contribution pensions. These pension standards include significant changes to how governmental employers will report liabilities related to pension obligations. Management is currently evaluating the impact of the adoption of this statement on the Library's financial statements.

NOTE 3 - RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

A. Explanation of Differences between the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and the Statement of Net Position

Adjustments to the balance sheet of governmental funds to the statement of net position includes the following items:

When capital assets (books, materials, furniture and equipment) that are to be used in governmental activities are purchased, the costs of those assets are reported as expenditures in the governmental funds. However, the statement of net position includes those capital assets among the assets of the Library as a whole.

Cost of capital assets	\$ 2,899,852
Accumulated depreciation	 (2,217,639)
	\$ 682,213

B. Explanation of Differences Between the Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances and the Statement of Activities

The net change in fund balances of governmental funds differs from the change in net position for governmental activities. The difference arises primarily from the long-term economic focus of the statement of activities versus the current financial resources focus of the governmental funds.

When capital assets that are to be used in governmental activities are purchased, the resources expended for those assets are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. As a result, fund balance decreases by the amount of financial resources expended, whereas net position decrease by the amount of depreciation expense charged for the year.

Books, materials, and equipment purchased	\$ (238,084)
Depreciation expense	 138,059
Difference	\$ (100,025)

NOTE 4 – BUDGETS AND BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING

The Board of Trustees approves the annual budget, which is adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles, except for on behalf revenues and expenditures. This budget is approved by line item and used by management to analyze financial activity for the fiscal year ended June 30. Their primary funding source is appropriations from the local government, which are for twelve-month periods that coincide with the fiscal year. Due to the Library's

June 30, 2014

dependency on local budgetary decisions, revenue estimates are based upon the best available information as to potential sources of funding.

NOTE 5 - DEPOSITS

Custodial Credit Risk

The Library's policies limit deposits and investments to those instruments allowed by applicable state laws and described in Note 2. State statute requires that all deposits with financial institutions must be collateralized by securities whose market value is equal to 105% of the value of uninsured deposits.

The deposits must be collateralized by federal depository insurance or the Tennessee Bank Collateral Pool, by collateral held by the Library's agent in the Library's name, or by the Federal Reserve Banks acting as third party agents. State statutes also authorize the Library to invest in bonds, notes or treasury bills of the United States or any of its agencies, certificates of deposit at Tennessee state chartered banks and savings and loan associations and federally chartered banks and savings and loan associations, repurchase agreements utilizing obligations of the United States or its agencies as the underlying securities, the state pooled investment fund, and mutual funds. Statutes also require that securities underlying repurchase agreements must have a market value at least equal to the amount of funds invested in the repurchase transaction. As of June 30, 2014, bank deposits were not in excess of collateralized or insured amounts.

NOTE 6 - ENDOWMENT FUND - PERMANENT FUND

The Library has received contributions that have been restricted by the donor. The principal is required to be invested. Only the interest earned can be used by the Library and it must be spent only on genealogical materials. This year, the funds were spent on genealogical books.

Principal contributions received	\$ 11,000
Total interest earned since contribution less materials purchased	 5,848
Total contributions	\$ 16,848

NOTE 7 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The Library is exposed to various risks of losses related to torts, theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Library decided it was more economically feasible to join a public entity risk pool as opposed to purchasing commercial insurance for general liability, auto liability, errors and omissions and auto physical damage coverage. The Library joined the Tennessee Municipal League Risk Pool (Pool), which is a public entity risk pool established in 1979 by the Tennessee Municipal League. The pool is a cooperative risk sharing arrangement that works in many ways like a traditional insurer. The Library pays annual premiums to the Pool for its general liability, auto liability, real and personal property damage, workman's compensation and errors and omissions policies. The Pool provides the specified coverage and pays all claims from its member premiums charged or through its reinsurance policies. The Library's premiums are calculated based on its prior claims history.

It is the policy of the Library to purchase commercial insurance for the risks of employee dishonesty and excess liability. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage or the coverage

June 30, 2014

provided by the Pool in any of the past three years. There have been no significant reductions in coverage.

NOTE 8 - PENSION FOOTNOTE DISCLOSURE

Plan Description

Employees of the Library are members of the Political Subdivision Pension Plan (PSPP), an agent multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Tennessee Consolidated Retirement System (TCRS). TCRS provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits. Benefits are determined by a formula using the member's high five-year average salary and vears of service. Members become eligible to retire at the age of 60 with five years of service or at any age with 30 years of service. A reduced retirement benefit is available to vested members at the age of 55. Disability benefits are available to active members with five years of service who become disabled and cannot engage in gainful employment. There is no service requirement for disability that is the result of an accident or injury occurring while the member was in the performance of duty. Members joining the system after July 1, 1979 become vested after five years of service and members joining prior to July 1, 1979 were vested after four years of service. Benefit provisions are established in state statute found in Title 8, Chapter 34-37 of the Tennessee Code Annotated (TCA). State statutes are amended by the Tennessee General Assembly. Political subdivisions such as the Library participate in the TCRS as individual entities and are liable for all costs associated with the operation and administration of their plan. Benefit improvements are not applicable to a political subdivision unless approved by the chief governing body.

The Library withdrew from TCRS effective November 1, 2006. Employees hired after the date of withdrawal are not eligible to participate in TCRS. Employees active as of the withdrawal date will continue to accrue salary or service credit in TCRS. The employer remains responsible for the pension liability for employees that were active as of the withdrawal date and for retirees of the employer.

The TCRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the PSPP. That report may be obtained by writing to Tennessee Treasury Department, Consolidated Retirement System, 15th Floor Andrew Jackson Building, Nashville, TN 37243-0230 or can be accessed at http://www.tn.gov/treasury/tcrs/PS/.

Funding Policy

The Library has adopted a noncontributory retirement plan for its employees by assuming employee contributions up to 5.0 percent of annual covered payroll.

The Library is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate; the rate for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2014 was 0.00% of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirement of plan members is set by state statute. The contribution requirement for the Library is established and may be amended by the TCRS Board of Trustees.

June 30, 2014

Annual Pension Cost

For the year ending June 30, 2014, the Library's annual pension cost of \$121,608 to TCRS was equal to the Library's required and actual contributions. The required contribution was determined as part of the July 1, 2011 actuarial valuation using the frozen entry age actuarial cost method. Significant actuarial assumptions used in the valuation include (a) rate of return on investment of present and future assets of 7.5 percent a year compounded annually, (b) projected 3.0 percent annual rate of inflation, (c) projected salary increases of 4.75 percent (graded) annual rate (no explicit assumption is made regarding the portion attributable to the effects of inflation on salaries), (d) projected 3.5 percent annual increase in the Social Security wage base, and (e) projected post retirement increases of 2.5 percent annually. The actuarial value of assets was determined using techniques that smooth the effect of short-term volatility in the market value of total investments over a ten-year period. The Library's unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized as a level dollar amount on a closed basis. The remaining amortization period at July 1, 2011 was 18 years. An actuarial valuation was performed as of July 1, 2011, which established contribution rates effective July 1, 2012.

Trend Information

Fiscal Year Ending	í	Annual Pension ost (APC)	Percentage of APC Contributed	Net Pension Obligation		
June 30, 2014	\$	121,608	100%	\$		_
June 30, 2013		121,608	100%	•		-
June 30, 2012		110,990	100%			-

Funded Status and Funding Progress

As of July 1, 2013, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the plan was 38.25 percent funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$2.06 million, and the actuarial value of assets was \$0.79 million, resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$1.27 million. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$0.00 million, and the ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 0.00 percent.

The schedules of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information (RSI) following the notes to the financial statements, present multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial values of plan assets are increasing or decreasing over time relative to the AALs for benefits.

June 30, 2014

(Dollar amounts in thousands)

Actuarial Valuation Date	Va	tuarial lue of Assets (a)	A Liabil	ctuarial ccrued ity (AAL) - try Age (b)	(L	nded AAL JAAL)) - (a)	Funded Ratio (a/b)	Cove Pay	roll	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll ((b-a)/c)
July 1, 2013	\$	788	\$	2,060	\$	1,272	38.25%	\$	_	0.00%

NOTE 9 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets acquired in the General Fund are expensed when purchased. The assets on the government-wide financial statements include only those that have met the Board of Trustee's capitalization policy. The City of Jackson and Madison County budget for Capital Outlay by the Library, and pays for the items so budgeted. These assets are included in the Capital Asset account, if they meet the criteria.

The Library land and building are titled to the City of Jackson and, therefore, are not in the Library's capital asset account. Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2014, was as follows:

	Beginning				Ending		
	Balance		Additions		Balance		
Capital assets, being depreciated:							
Books and materials	\$	2,237,492	\$	140,056	\$	2,377,548	
Equipment		424,276		98,028		522,304	
Total capital assets		2,661,768		238,084		2,899,852	
Less accumulated depreciation for:							
Books and materials		1,772,491		99,093		1,871,584	
Equipment		307,089		38,966		346,055	
Total depreciation		2,079,580		138,059		2,217,639	
Governmental capital assets, net	\$	582,188	\$	100,025	\$	682,213	

NOTE 10 - JACKSON-MADISON COUNTY LIBRARY FOUNDATION

The purpose of the Jackson-Madison County Library Foundation (Foundation) is to benefit the Library; however, the Foundation has the following factors that distinguish it from being a component unit of the Library: separate corporate powers, board of directors independent of Library's management, and separate financial accountability. In addition, the Foundation is a legally separate, tax exempt entity with their own 501(c)(3) status. The Foundation raises funds to be used at the discretion of the board members and the Library does not have access to these funds. The Library may apply for a grant from the Foundation; this has a process where the Library Trustees fill out a grant request form and submit it to the Foundation's Board of Directors. This grant request is considered along with other non-profit entity requests and funding amounts are determined.

June 30, 2014

NOTE 11 - OPERATING LEASE

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, the Library entered into an 84 month lease agreement for the rental of space for the North Branch location starting at \$3,529 a month during the first year and gradually increasing each year. Also during the year ended June 30, 2014, the Library entered into 3 different copier leases with Xerox. The first lease is for one copier for 60 months at \$298 a month, the second lease is for two copiers for 36 months at \$326 a month, and the third lease is for one copier for 60 months at \$141 a month.

The future minimum lease payments are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Annual Payments		
2015	\$	52,470	
2016		53,770	
2017		51,198	
2018		52,575	
2019		48,731	
2020-2021		62,823	
Total minimum future payments	\$	321,567	

For the year ended June 30, 2014, the Library paid \$9,322 for the copier lease and \$50,784 for the lease of the North Branch location.



JACKSON-MADISON COUNTY LIBRARY SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS

June 30, 2014

(Dollar amounts in thousands)

Actuarial Valuation Date	Va	tuarial llue of Assets (a)	Liabil	ry Age (UA		nded AAL JAAL)) - (a)	Funded Ratio (a/b)	Covered Payroll		UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll ((b-a)/c)	
July 1, 2013	\$	788	\$	2,060	\$	1,272	38.25%	\$	-	0.00%	
July 1, 2011	\$	817	\$	2,040	\$	1,223	40.06%	\$	-	0.00%	
July 1, 2009	\$	838	\$	2,056	\$	1,218	40.78%	\$	-	0.00%	

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) requires the plan to prepare the Schedule of Funding Progress using the entry age actuarial cost method. The requirement to present the Schedule of Funding Progress using the Entry Age actuarial cost method went into affect during the year of the 2007 actuarial valuation, therefore only the three most recent valuations are presented.

	SUPPLEMENT	ARY AND OTH	IER INFORMAT	TION	

JACKSON-MADISON COUNTY LIBRARY GENERAL FUND

DETAILED SCHEDULE OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE

For The Year Ended June 30, 2014

Revenues		
Jackson-Madison County Joint Appropriations	\$	1,106,636
Jackson-Madison County Capital Appropriations	•	87,531
Jackson-Madison County: Foundation		32,755
Jackson-Madison County: Friends		3,372
Copy machine revenue		10,860
Fines and penalties		25,460
E-Rate Reimbursement		5,340
Grants		5,001
Gifts and Donations		582
Computer use and rental fees		563
Recycling		453
Sale items		211
Miscellaneous		192
Total revenue		1,278,956
Expenditures		
Employee benefits:		
Salaries		477,541
Payroll taxes		34,219
Insurance		58,179
Pension plan contributions		3,293
Circulation materials		190,137
Building and grounds:		
Utilities Daniel		67,438
Rent expense for North Branch location		50,784
Repairs and maintenance		48,981
Building renovations, furniture, and equipment		145,929
General expenditures:		
Fees		1,205
Contracted services		52,048
Data processing		15,511
Liability insurance		8,609
Miscellaneous		6,850
Operating lease payments		20,777
Supplies		25,095
Travel		8,138
Total expenditures		1,214,734
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over (under) expenditures		64,222
Fund balance - beginning of the year		102,383
Fund balance - end of the year	\$	166,605

JACKSON-MADISON COUNTY LIBRARY SCHEDULE OF OFFICIALS

June 30, 2014

Members of Board

Amount of Surety Bond

Ms. Terica Smith, Chair

Dr. Charles Baldwin, Vice-Chair

Mr. Jerry Bastin, Treasurer Dr. Amy Dietrich

Mr. Brandon McWherter

Ms. Elaine Christian

Mr. Glenn Vaulx, Sr.

Director

Ms. Dinah Harris

\$10,000*

*All employees are covered by a \$10,000 blanket surety bond.

Members of:

American Institute of Certified Public Accountants
AICPA Center for Public Company Audit Firms
AICPA Governmental Audit Quality Center
AICPA Employee Benefit Plan Audit Quality Center
Tennessee Society of Certified Public Accountants
Kentucky Society of Certified Public Accountants



Certifled Public Accountants
Offices in Tennessee & Kentucky

227 Oil Well Rd. Jackson, TN 38305

Phone 731.427.8571 Fax 731.424.5701 www.atacpa.net

Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

Board of Trustees Jackson-Madison County Library Jackson, Tennessee

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities and the major fund information of the Jackson-Madison County Library, Jackson, Tennessee (Library), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Library's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 12, 2014.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Library's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Library's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Library's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Library's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

We noted other matters involving the internal control and its operation that we reported to management of the Library in a separate letter dated November 12, 2014.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Jackson, Tennessee November 12, 2014

alexander Horryson drucks PLLC

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JACKSON-MADISON COUNTY LIBRARY SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES

June 30, 2014

CURRENT YEAR FINDINGS

None reported.

PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS

None reported.